

Source: HEDIS 2019 technical specifications for Health Plans, Volume 2.

ID	Measure	Technical Specification	2018 National Quality Compass HMO/POS (2017 DOS)	
			(note: QAP 2019 target is the 2020 Quality Compass based on 2019 DOS)	
			75th %ile	90th %ile
AAB	Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment in Adults with Acute Bronchitis	The percentage of adults 18–64 years of age with a diagnosis of acute bronchitis who were not dispensed an antibiotic prescription.	33.48	49.52
ADD	Follow-up Care for Children Prescribed ADHD Medication	For children with newly prescribed ADHD medication, ages 6-12. Two rates are reported: (1) Initiation phase: the percentage who had one follow-up visit with a prescribing authority during the 30-day initiation phase.	44.77	50.83
		(2) Continuation phase: the percentage who remained on medication for at least 210 days and who, in addition to the visit in the initiation phase, had at least two follow-up visits within 9 months after the initiation phase ended.	52.94	58.44
AMM	Antidepressant Medication	For members who were treated with antidepressant medication, 18 years of age and older, who had a diagnosis of major depression and who remained on antidepressant medication treatment. Two rates are reported: (1) Acute phase: the percentage of members who remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 84 days (12 weeks).	70.97	75.76
		(2) Continuation phase: the percentage who remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 180 days (6 months)	55.96	60.24
AMR	Asthma Medication Ratio	The percentage of members 5–64 years of age who were identified as having persistent asthma and had a ratio of controller medications to total asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year	83.65	85.85
AWC	Adolescent Well Care Visits	The percentage of adolescents 12-21 years of age who had at least one well-care visit with a PCP or OB/GYN during the measurement year.	56.79	70.44
BCS	Breast Cancer Screening	The percentage of women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram every 2 years.	77.4	80.91
CBP	Controlling High Blood Pressure	For members with hypertension, ages 18-85, most recent BP reading during the year was adequately controlled based upon the following: Members 18-59 years old whose most recent BP was <140/90, Members 60-85 years old with a diagnosis of diabetes whose most recent BP was <140/90, or Members 60-85 years old without a diagnosis of diabetes whose most recent BP was <150/90.	67.63	74.82

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CCS	Cervical Cancer Screening	The percentage of women ages 21-64 who were screened for cervical cancer using either of the criteria: (1) women ages 21-64 who received a cervical cytology screen every 3 years or (2) women ages 30-64 who received cervical cytology/human papillomavirus (HPV) co-testing every five years.	78.81	82.64
CDC	Comprehensive Diabetes Care - Eye Exams	For adults with diabetes, ages 18-75, a retinal or dilated eye exam was performed.	63.52	70.69
	Comprehensive Diabetes Care - Medical Attention for Nephropathy	For adults with diabetes, age 18-75, annual medical attention for nephropathy (screening or treatment)	91.97	93.61
	Comprehensive Diabetes Care - HbA1c Testing	For adults with diabetes, age 18-75, Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing	92.94	94.18
	Diabetes Care - HbA1c poor control (> 9.0%)	Adults with diabetes, age 18-75, measures poor control of HbA1c (lower is better)	24.82	21.41
	Comprehensive Diabetes Care - BP control	Adults with diabetes, age 18-75, blood pressure was in control, most recent reading in year <140/90	71.29	76.41
CHL	Chlamydia Screening	The percentage of women ages 16-24 years of age who were identified as sexually active and who had at least one test for chlamydia during the measurement year	55.81	66.08
CIS	Childhood Immunization Combo 10	The percentage of children 2 years of age who had required vaccines by their second birthday--4 DTaP, 3 IPV, 1 MMR, 3HiB, 3 HepB, 1 VZV, 4 PCV, 1 HepA, 2-3 RV, and 2 flu vaccines..	62.5	66.67
CWP	Appropriate Testing of Children With Pharyngitis	The percentage of children 3–18 years of age who were diagnosed with pharyngitis, dispensed an antibiotic and received a group A streptococcus (strep) test for the episode. A higher rate represents better performance (i.e., appropriate testing).	92.11	94.64
IET	Initiation/ Engagement of Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse or Dependence Treatment	The percentage of adolescent and adult members with a new episode of alcohol or other drug (AOD) dependence who received the following (two rates are reported) : (1) Initiation of AOD Treatment- the percentage of members who initiate treatment through an inpatient AOD admission outpatient visit, intensive outpatient encounter or partial hospitalization, telehealth or medication assisted treatment (MAT) within 14 days of the diagnosis.	38.26	42.01
		(2) Engagement of AOD Treatment- the percentage of members who initiated treatment and who had two or more additional AOD services or MAT within 34 days of the initiation visit.	17.26	15.09

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IMA	Immunizations for Adolescents (Combination 2)	The percentage of adolescents 13 years of age who had one dose of meningococcal conjugate vaccine, one (Tdap) vaccine and have completed the (HPV) vaccine series by their 13th birthday.	26.9	30.17
LBP	Use of Imaging Studies for Low Back Pain	The percentage of members with a primary diagnosis of low back pain who did not have an imaging study (plain X-ray, MRI, CT) within 28 days of the diagnosis	79.56	82.29
MMA	Medication Management for People With Asthma: Medication Compliance 75% (Total)	The percentage of persistent asthmatic members ages 5-64 who were dispensed appropriate medications and who remained on an asthma controller medication for at least 75% of their treatment period.	55.71	57.69
MPM	Annual Monitoring for Patients on Persistent Medications	The percentage of members 18 years & older who are on persistent medications (ACE/ARBs & Diuretics) for at least 6 months and have at least one therapeutic monitoring event in the measurement year.	86.17	87.04
SPC	Statin Therapy for Patients With Cardiovascular Disease	The percentage of males 21–75 years of age and females 40–75 years of age during the measurement year, who were identified as having cardiovascular disease and met the following criteria. Two rates are reported: (1) <i>Received Statin Therapy</i> : Members who were dispensed at least one high or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year;	84.82	87.13
		(2) <i>Statin Adherence 80%</i> : Members who remained on a high or moderate-intensity statin medication for at least 80% of the treatment period.	78.11	80.46
SPD	Statin Therapy for Patients With Diabetes (Statin Adherence 80)	The percentage of members 40–75 years of age with diabetes who do not have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) who met the following criteria. Two rates are reported: 1. Received Statin Therapy- members who were dispensed at least one statin medication of any intensity during the measurement year	63.93	67.79
		(2) Statin Adherence 80%- members who remained on a statin medication of any intensity for at least 80% of the treatment period.	70.47	73.75
URI	Appropriate Treatment of Children with Upper Respiratory Infections	The percentage of children 3 months–18 years of age who were given a diagnosis of upper respiratory infection (URI) and were not dispensed an antibiotic prescription.	92.18	94.59
W15	Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life (Rate 6)	The percentage of members who turned 15 months old during the measurement year and who had six or more well-child visits.	87.5	90.78
W34	Well-Child Visits in the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Years of Life	The percentage of members 3-6 years of age who had one or more well-child visits with a PCP during the measurement year	83.8	91.03