

Source: HEDIS 2018 technical specifications for Health Plans, Volume 2.

ID	Measure	Technical Specification	2017 National Quality Compass HMO/POS (2016 DOS)	
			(note: QAP 2018 target is the 2019 Quality Compass based on 2018 DOS)	
			75th %ile	90th %ile
AAB	Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment in Adults with Acute Bronchitis	The percentage of adults 18–64 years of age with a diagnosis of acute bronchitis who were not dispensed an antibiotic prescription.	30.91	41.72
ADD	Follow-up Care for Children Prescribed ADHD Medication	For children with newly prescribed ADHD medication, ages 6-12. Two rates are reported: (1) Initiation phase: the percentage who had one follow-up visit with a prescribing authority during the 30-day initiation phase.	43.82	48.61
		(2) Continuation phase: the percentage who remained on medication for at least 210 days and who, in addition to the visit in the initiation phase, had at least two follow-up visits within 9 months after the Initiation phase ended.	50	56.86
AMM	Antidepressant Medication	For members who were treated with antidepressant medication, 18 years of age and older, who had a diagnosis of major depression and who remained on antidepressant medication treatment. Two rates are reported: (1) Acute phase: the percentage of members who remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 84 days (12 weeks).	70.8	74.77
		(2) Continuation phase: the percentage who remained on medication for at least 210 days and who, in addition to the visit in the initiation phase, had at least two follow-up visits within 9 months after the Initiation phase ended.	54.81	58.6
AMR	Asthma Medication Ratio	The percentage of members 5–85 years of age who were identified as having persistent asthma and had a ratio of controller medications to total asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year.	82.43	85.46
AWC	Adolescent Well Care Visits	The percentage of adolescents 12-21 years of age who had at least one well-care visit with a PCP or OB/GYN each year.	55.79	67.7
BCS	Breast Cancer Screening	The percentage of women ages 50-74 who received a mammogram every 2 years.	77.3	80.63
CBP	Controlling High Blood Pressure	For members with hypertension, ages 18-85, most recent BP reading during the year was adequately controlled based upon the following: Members 18-59 years old whose most recent BP was <140/90, Members 60-85 years old with a diagnosis of diabetes whose most recent BP was <140/90, or Members 60-85 years old without a diagnosis of diabetes whose most recent BP was <150/90.	69.77	74.43

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CCS	Cervical Cancer Screening	The percentage of women ages 21-64 who were screened for cervical cancer using either of the criteria: (1) women ages 21-64 who received a cervical cytology screen every 3 years or (2) women ages 30-64 who received cervical cytology/human papillomavirus (HPV) co-testing every five years.	79.34	82.77
CDC	Comprehensive Diabetes Care - Eye Exams	For adults with diabetes, ages 18-75, a retinal or dilated eye exam was performed.	62.84	72.04
CDC	Comprehensive Diabetes Care - Medical Attention for Nephropathy	For adults with diabetes, age 18-75- Annual medical attention for nephropathy (screening or treatment)	91.46	92.71
CDC	Comprehensive Diabetes Care - HbA1c Testing	For adults with diabetes, age 18-75- Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing	93.01	94.83
CDC	Diabetes Care - HbA1c poor control (> 9.0%)	Adults with diabetes, age 18-75- Measures poor control of HbA1c (lower is better)	24.82	20.98
CDC	Comprehensive Diabetes Care -BP control	Adults with diabetes, age 18-75, blood pressure was in control, most recent reading in year <140/90	72.36	78.35
CIS	Childhood Immunization	The percentage of children ages 0-2 who had 4 DTaP, 3 IPV, 1 MMR, 3 HIB, 3 Hep B, 1 VZV, and 4 PCV (pneumococcal conjugate), 1 Hep A, 2 or 3 Rotavirus, and 2 Influenza vaccinations by age 2. (Combo 10)	61.05	65.05
CWP	Appropriate Testing of Children With Pharyngitis	The percentage of children 3–18 years of age who were diagnosed with pharyngitis, dispensed an antibiotic and received a group A streptococcus (strep) test for the episode. A higher rate represents better performance (i.e., appropriate testing).	90.38	93.75
IET	Initiation/ Engagement of Alcohol & Other Drug (AOD) Dependence Treatment	The percentage of adolescent and adult members with a new episode of alcohol or other drug (AOD) dependence who received the following (two rates are reported) : (1) Initiation of AOD Treatment- the percentage of members who initiate treatment through an inpatient AOD admission outpatient visit, intensive outpatient encounter or partial hospitalization within 14 days of the diagnosis,	35.47	40.24
		(2) Engagement of AOD Treatment- the percentage of members who initiated treatment and who had two or more additional services with a diagnosis of AOD within 30 days of the initiation visit	14.23	16.72
IMA	Immunizations for Adolescents (Combination 2)	The percentage of adolescents 13 years of age who had one dose of meningococcal conjugate vaccine, one tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis (Tdap) vaccine and three doses of the human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine by their 13th birthday. The measure calculates a rate for each vaccine and two combination rates.	16.93	20.44

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MMA	Medication Management for People With Asthma: Medication Compliance 75% (Total)	The percentage of persistent asthmatic members ages 5 - 85 who were dispensed appropriate medications and who remained on an asthma controller medication for at least 75% of their treatment period.	52.21	56.96
MPM	Annual Monitoring for Patients on Persistent Medications	The percentage of members who are on persistent medications (ACE/ARBs, Digoxin, Diuretics) for at least 6 months and have at least one therapeutic monitoring event in the measurement year.	85.73	87.04
PCE	Pharmacotherapy Management of COPD Exacerbation	The percentage of COPD exacerbations for members 40 years of age and older who had an acute inpatient discharge or ED visit on or between January 1–November 30 of the measurement year and who were dispensed appropriate medications. Two rates are reported: (1) Dispensed a systemic corticosteroid (or there was evidence of an active prescription) within 14 days of the event, and	78.34	81.82
		(2) Dispensed a bronchodilator (or there was evidence of an active prescription) within 30 days of the event.	81.68	85.98
SPC	Statin Therapy for Patients With Cardiovascular Disease	The percentage of males 21–75 years of age and females 40–75 years of age during the measurement year, who were identified as having cardiovascular disease and met the following criteria. Two rates are reported: (1) <i>Received Statin Therapy</i> : Members who were dispensed at least one high or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year;	83.15	86.08
SPC		(2) <i>Statin Adherence 80%</i> : Members who remained on a high or moderate-intensity statin medication for at least 80% of the treatment period.	74.89	79.58
SPD	Statin Therapy for Patients With Diabetes (Statin Adherence 80)	The percentage of members 40–75 years of age with diabetes who do not have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) who met the following criteria. Two rates are reported: 1. Received Statin Therapy- members who were dispensed at least one statin medication of any intensity during the measurement year	62.97	65.54
SPD		(2) Statin Adherence 80%- members who remained on a statin medication of any intensity for at least 80% of the treatment period.	70.47	73.75
SPR	Spirometry Testing in the Assessment & Dx of COPD	The percentage of members ages 40 and over with a new diagnosis of COPD or newly active COPD who received appropriate spirometry testing to confirm the diagnosis.	46.32	51.02

URI	Appropriate Treatment of Children with Upper Respiratory Infections	The percentage of children 3 months–18 years of age who were given a diagnosis of upper respiratory infection (URI) and were not dispensed an antibiotic prescription.	92.02	94.8
WCC	Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/Adolescents	For children 3 -17 yrs old who had an outpatient visit with a PCP or OB/GYN, 3 rates are reported: The percentage who had evidence of (1) BMI percentile documentation,	79.08	88.08
		(2) documentation of counseling for nutrition, and	74.45	83.68
		(3) documentation of counseling for physical activity	67.38	79.44