

## **SPECIALTY GUIDELINE MANAGEMENT**

### **RUCONEST (recombinant C1 esterase inhibitor)**

#### **POLICY**

##### **I. INDICATIONS**

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

###### FDA-Approved Indications

Treatment of acute attacks in adults and adolescent patients with hereditary angioedema (HAE)

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and are not a covered benefit.

##### **II. REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

The following information is necessary to initiate the prior authorization review: C4 levels and C1 inhibitor functional and antigenic protein levels.

##### **III. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL APPROVAL**

Authorization for 12 months may be granted for treatment of acute HAE attacks when all of the following criteria are met:

1. Diagnostic laboratory testing for HAE has been performed (eg, C4 levels, C1 inhibitor functional and antigenic protein levels).
2. With C1 inhibitor deficiency: C1 inhibitor antigenic protein level and/or C1 inhibitor functional level is below the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing the test.
3. With normal C1 inhibitor: Other causes of angioedema have been ruled out (eg, drug-induced) and either of the following criteria are met:
  - a. Member has tested positive for the F12 gene mutation or
  - b. The member has a family history of angioedema and the angioedema was refractory to a trial of antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for at least one month.

##### **IV. CONTINUATION OF THERAPY**

All members (including new members) requesting authorization for continuation of therapy must meet all initial authorization criteria.

##### **V. DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**

Approvals may be subject to dosing limits in accordance with FDA-approved labeling, accepted compendia, and/or evidence-based practice guidelines.

##### **VI. REFERENCES**

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2. Bowen T, Cicardi M, Farkas H, et al. 2010 International consensus algorithm for the diagnosis, therapy, and management of hereditary angioedema. *Allergy Asthma Clin Immunol*. 2010;6(1):24.
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8. Cicardi M, Aberer W, Banerji A, et al. Classification, diagnosis, and approach to treatment for angioedema: consensus report from the Hereditary Angioedema International Working Group. *Allergy*. 2014;69: 602-616.
9. Bowen T. Hereditary angioedema: beyond international consensus – circa December 2010 – The Canadian Society of Allergy and Clinical Immunology Dr. David McCourtie Lecture. *Allergy Asthma Clin Immunol*. 2011;7(1):1.
10. Bernstein J. Update on angioedema: Evaluation, diagnosis, and treatment. *Allergy and Asthma Proceedings*. 2011;32(6):408-412.
11. Longhurst H, Cicardi M. Hereditary angio-edema. *Lancet*. 2012;379:474-481.